# Geometry dictionary Version 1.3.0: Summary of changes since version 1.2.0

Note there were numerous typo corrections and a few minor adjustments which are described in the <documentation> attribute at the top of the schema file and in the modification history in the dictionary product label (see comments under version 1.2.1 and version 1.3.0).

In version 1.3.0, the Geometry Orbiter portion of the Geometry dictionary underwent a major reorganization. Many classes and attributes were renamed, either for improved clarity or to bring the names into compliance with formation rules specified in the Standards Reference. All are documented in the modification history.

Appendix A gives before and after, high level outlines of the dictionary schema file.

One significant change in version 1.3.0 is the removal of the choice between Geometry\_Orbiter and Geometry\_Lander within the Geometry class. The previous construction required that at least one of the two classes be present. Now both are optional.

Another significant change in version 1.3.0 is the expansion of parameters given as a range of values. This in turn necessitated providing geometry reference time as a range: geometry\_start\_time and geometry\_stop\_time. geometry\_reference\_time was previously required. Now it, along with the two range parameters, is included in a choice, with at least one required. All three variations may be used in a label.

There are now two types of ranges for geometric parameters:

- start\_<parameter >, stop\_<parameter > give the values of the parameters at the beginning and end of the observation. These correspond to the times given by geometry\_start\_time and geometry\_stop\_time.
- minimum\_<parameter>, maximum\_<parameter> give the minimum and maximum values in the product. These
  may or may not be calculated for a single time. For example, in a short exposure image of a planetary surface,
  quantities like min/max longitude typically are calculated for the same time. Conversely for an observation over
  several hours (e.g., push broom camera, imaging spectrometer) the values typically represent the range over the
  observation and are not associated with any particular time within the observation.

Associating time with a particular parameter.

All single valued (specific) parameters in the Geometry\_Orbiter class must be determined at the time specified by geometry\_reference\_time.

For parameters given as start\_ / stop\_ pairs, the values are associated with geometry\_start\_time and geometry\_stop\_time respectively

For parameters given as minimum\_ / maximum\_ pairs, there is no requirement to identify an associated time. However, comments should be used to provide as much temporal information as is practical (e.g., indicate if the values are associated with the geometry\_reference\_time.

Schematron rules ensure that if either of a range's endpoints (time or geometric parameter) is used, both are given, and that if start\_<parameter > and stop\_<parameter > are used, geometry\_start\_time and geometry\_stop\_time are also given.

Ensuring that the appropriate geometry time information is given in products for which minimum\_<parameter> and maximum\_<parameter> are used must be the responsibility of the provider, the archiving node, and the peer review. Additional help with this dictionary is available from the SBN's Geometry Dictionary wiki:

http://sbndev.astro.umd.edu/wiki/Filling Out the Geometry Dictionary Classes.

# Appendix A High Level Outlines of the Geometry Dictionary before and with version 1.3.0

The overall structure of the dictionary and the overall organization of the Geometry Lander class are unchanged:

```
Geometry
SPICE_Kernel_Files
Image_Display_Geometry
choice[1,*]
Geometry_Orbiter
Geometry_Lander
Articulation_Device_Parameters
Camera_Model_Parameters
Coordinate_Space_Definition
Derived_Geometry
Motion_Counter
```

The Geometry Orbiter class changed significantly:

### Prior to version 1.3.0

# Geometry\_Orbiter

geometry\_reference\_time
Central\_Body\_Identification
Geometry\_Target\_Identification
Coordinate\_System\_Identification
Specific\_Distances
Distance\_Generic
Pixel\_Dimensions
Surface\_Geometry
Illumination\_Geometry
Illumination\_Single\_Values
Illumination\_FOV\_Range\_Values
Specific\_Cartesian\_Vectors
Specific\_Planetocentric\_Vectors
Generic\_Vectors

### Version 1.3.0

# Geometry\_Orbiter

choice [1,3] geometry\_reference\_time geometry\_start\_time geometry stop time Orbiter\_Identification Central Body Identification Geometry Target Identification Coordinate System Identification Pixel Dimensions Distances Distances Specific Distances\_Min\_Max Distances Start Stop Distance\_Generic Surface Geometry Surface\_Geometry\_Specific Surface\_Geometry\_Min\_Max Surface\_Geometry\_Start\_Stop Illumination\_Geometry Illumination Geometry Specific Illumination\_Geometry\_Min\_Max Illumination\_Geometry\_Start\_Stop Vectors Vectors Cartesian Specific Vectors Planetocentric Specific Generic Vectors